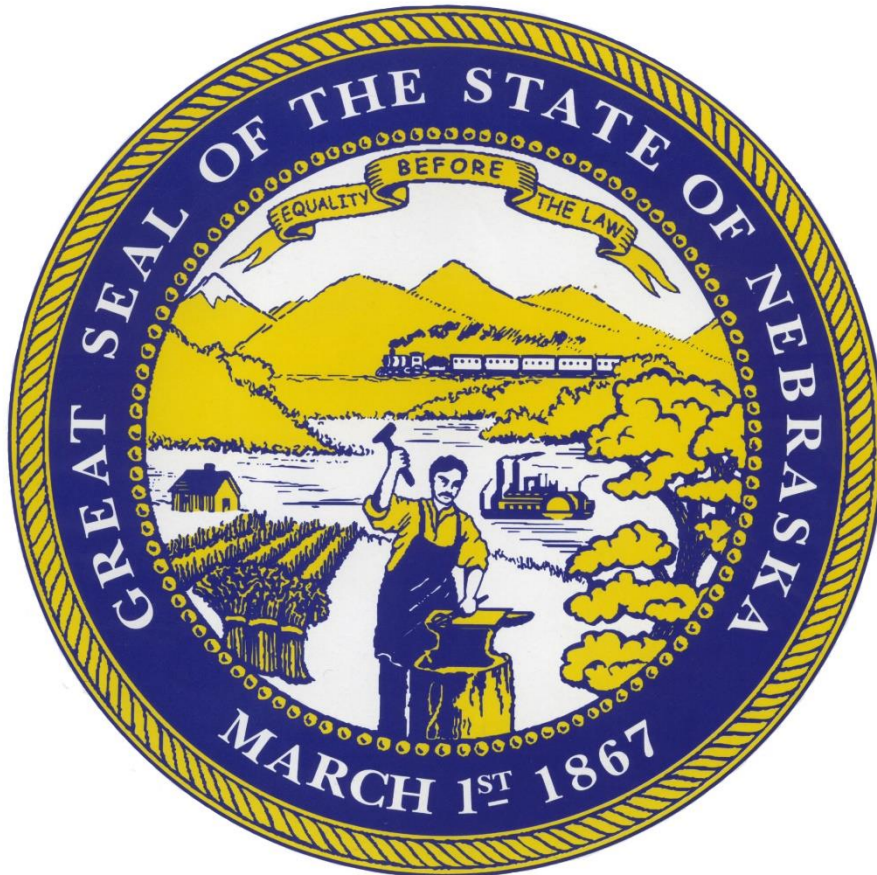


# Statewide Candidate Filing Guide 2024

Revised October 2023

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Nebraska Secretary of State



*This guidance document is advisory in nature but is binding on an agency until amended by such agency. A guidance document does not include internal procedural documents that only affect the internal operations of the agency and does not impose additional requirements or penalties on regulated parties or include confidential information or rules and regulations made in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act. If you believe that this guidance document imposes additional requirements or penalties on regulated parties, you may request a review of the document.*

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## Offices for 2024 Elections

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### Which offices are up for election in 2024?

**Partisan Offices:** *A candidate must be registered to vote as a member of one of the four recognized political parties in Nebraska — Republican, Democratic, Libertarian, or Legal Marijuana NOW.*

*Note: A candidate for partisan office cannot change their political party from one party to another after December 1, 2023 (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-612](#)). This does not include a candidate with no political party affiliation (nonpartisan) declaring a political party affiliation.*

**Partisan statewide offices up for election in 2024 include:**

- United States Senate (2- and 6-year terms)
- US House of Representatives (Districts 1, 2, & 3)
- Public Service Commissioner (Districts 1 & 3)

**Nonpartisan Offices:** *A candidate runs for office without regard to their political party or lack thereof. A candidate's political party will not be noted on the ballot.*

**Nonpartisan statewide offices up for election in 2024 include:**

- Legislature (odd-numbered districts)
- State Board of Education (Districts 1, 2, 3, & 4)
- Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska (Districts 3, 4, 5, & 8)
- Community Colleges
- Learning Community Coordinating Council (even-numbered districts)
- Natural Resources Districts
- Metropolitan Utilities District of Omaha (Districts 1 & 2)
- Public Power (& Irrigation) Districts
- Educational Service Units (even-numbered districts)
- Reclamation Districts

## What are the qualifications for public office?

Different public offices have different qualifications. Below are the qualifications for certain statewide offices.

Elected Office	References and Statutes	Filing Qualifications
US Senate	US Constitution <a href="#">I-3</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-502</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nebraska resident when elected</li> <li>• United States citizen for 9 years before serving</li> <li>• At least 30 years old before serving</li> </ul>
US House of Representatives	US Constitution <a href="#">I-2</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-503</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nebraska resident when elected</li> <li>• United States citizen for 7 years before serving</li> <li>• At least 25 years old before serving</li> </ul>
Public Service Commissioner	Nebraska Constitution <a href="#">IV-20</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-509</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§75-101</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter of the district affiliated with the appropriate political party</li> </ul>
Legislature	Nebraska Constitution <a href="#">III-8</a> Nebraska Constitution <a href="#">III-9</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-508</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter of the district</li> <li>• Resident of the district for 1 year prior to election</li> <li>• At least 21 years old when elected</li> </ul>
State Board of Education	Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-511</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§79-313</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter of the district</li> <li>• Resident of the district for 6 months prior to election</li> </ul>
Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska	Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-510</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter of the district</li> </ul>
Community Colleges	Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-514</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§85-1512</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter of the district</li> <li>• Resident of the district or area for 6 months prior to election</li> </ul>
Learning Community Coordinating Council	Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-555.01</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-546.01</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter of the subcouncil district</li> </ul>
Natural Resources Districts	Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-513</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§2-3214</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter of the subdistrict OR</li> <li>• If an at-large candidate, registered voter of the district</li> </ul>
Metropolitan Utilities District of Omaha	Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-540</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§14-2102</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter of the district</li> <li>• One member shall reside outside the corporate limits of Omaha</li> </ul>
Public Power Districts ≥\$40 million (Dawson, Loup River, Nebraska, Norris, Omaha, & Southern)	Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-512</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§70-610</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§70-619</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter residing within the chartered territory or subdivision OR</li> <li>• Retail customer duly certified</li> </ul>
Public Power Districts <\$40 million	Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-512</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§70-610</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§70-619</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter residing within the chartered territory or subdivision OR</li> <li>• Retail customer duly certified</li> </ul>
Reclamation Districts	Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-516</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§46-516</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§46-530</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter of the district</li> </ul>
Educational Service Unit Board Members	Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§32-515</a> Nebraska Revised Statute <a href="#">§79-1217</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Registered voter</li> </ul>

## Can a former felon hold public office?

A person who was convicted of a felony cannot hold state or local office unless his or her civil rights have been restored in accordance with Neb. Rev. Stat. [§29-112](#).

If the felony was committed in Nebraska, he or she would need to be pardoned by the State of Nebraska Board of Pardons. More information can be found at [pardons.nebraska.gov](https://pardons.nebraska.gov).

The civil right to hold office is separate from the civil right to vote. Voting rights are restored two years after the sentence is completed, including any parole (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-313](#)).

## Can I run for \_\_\_\_ office and \_\_\_\_ office at the same time?

Certain high offices cannot hold or run for more than one office at a time.

### **HIGH OFFICE**

Offices that cannot hold more than one office or run for more than one office at a time  
(Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-603](#))

US Senate  
US House of Representatives  
Governor & Lieutenant Governor  
Secretary of State  
State Treasurer  
Attorney General  
Auditor of Public Accounts  
Public Service Commissioner  
Legislature  
State Board of Education  
Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska

### **OTHER HIGH OFFICES**

High offices can hold one or more low office at the same time  
Can run for 1 high and 1 or more low offices, but not 2 high offices at the same time

Community College ([§85-1512](#) – may not hold office on any other board relating to education)  
Learning Community Coordinating Council  
County Office (including Weed Board)  
City Officer  
School Board Member

### **LOW OFFICES**

Natural Resources District  
Metropolitan Utilities District of Omaha  
Public Power District  
Reclamation District  
Educational Service Unit  
Airport Authority  
Township Officer  
SID Board Member  
Village Board of Trustees

## How Do I Run for President?

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### Qualifications to run for President and Vice President of the United States are:

- Natural born citizen;
- At least 35 years old; and
- 14-year resident within the United States (US Constitution [II-1](#)).

There are two methods by which presidential candidates are included on the primary election ballot in Nebraska: selection by the Secretary of State and petitioning. Both processes are outlined in state statute.

Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-614](#) requires the Secretary of State to place candidates on the primary ballot who are “generally advocated or recognized as candidates in national news media.” The Secretary of State’s decision typically occurs in mid-February of the election year.

In addition, candidates may petition onto the primary election ballot by submitting at least 100 signatures from registered voters of the appropriate political party from each of Nebraska’s three congressional districts. If there are sufficient signatures, and with the candidate’s consent, the candidate is placed on the primary election ballot in Nebraska.

### Individuals may also file as a write-in candidate by completing the following forms:

- Completed and notarized write-in affidavit;
- The written consent of the designated vice-presidential candidate; and
- The names, addresses, and written consent of the five persons who will represent the write-in candidate as presidential elector candidates.

For additional information, questions, or to request petitions for circulation, please email [sos.elect@nebraska.gov](mailto:sos.elect@nebraska.gov) or call (402) 471-2555.



## When, Where, & How Much?

### When does the 2024 candidate filing period begin?

Filing for office starts January 5. For offices that appear on the primary election ballot, the incumbent (**any\* current office holder**) filing deadline is February 15 and the nonincumbent (**new filer**) filing deadline is March 1.

For offices that only appear on the general election ballot, the incumbent filing deadline is July 15 and the nonincumbent filing deadline is August 1.

*\*Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-111](#) defines an incumbent as a “person whom the canvassers or the courts declare elected to an elective office or who has been appointed to an elective office.” If you hold any elected office, you are an incumbent and the incumbent deadline applies, even if you are filing for an office other than the one you currently hold.*

### Where do I file?

**Statewide offices file with the Secretary of State’s office. These include:**

- US Senate
- US House of Representatives
- Public Service Commissioner
- Legislature
- State Board of Education
- Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska
- Community Colleges
- Learning Community Coordinating Council
- Natural Resources Districts
- Metropolitan Utilities District of Omaha
- Public Power (& Irrigation) Districts
- Reclamation Districts
- Educational Service Units

If you wish to file in-person, you can go to the Elections Division office at:

301 S. 13th St., Ste. 410  
Lincoln, NE 68508

## How much are the filing fees?

### FILING FEE SCHEDULE FOR 2024

OFFICE	SALARY (\$)	FILING FEE (\$)
United States Senator.....	174,000.....	1,740
Representative in Congress.....	174,000.....	1,740
Public Service Commissioner .....	75,000.....	750
Legislature .....	12,000.....	120
State Board of Education .....		25
Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska .....		25
Metropolitan Utilities District of Omaha .....		25
Public Power Districts $\geq$ \$40 million (Dawson, Loup River, Nebraska, Norris, Omaha, & Southern) .....		25
Public Power Districts $<$ \$40 million (all other power districts).....		10
Reclamation Districts .....		10
Community Colleges.....		No filing fee
Educational Service Units .....		No filing fee
Natural Resources Districts .....		No filing fee
Learning Community Coordinating Council.....		No filing fee
County Offices .....		1% of salary
Municipal Offices (if salary is $\geq$ \$500).....		1% of salary

## Do you take debit or credit cards?

No — filing fees can only be paid with cash, money order, or check.

## To whom do I make a check out to?

Checks should be made payable to the Secretary of State.

## Do I need to pay a filing fee if I am a write-in candidate?

Write-in candidates are required to pay the appropriate filing fee for the office they are seeking when they file their write-in affidavit (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-608](#)).

## Can I get a refund if I drop out of a race?

A refund is only given if a candidate dies prior to an election, in which case the spouse of the candidate can request a refund prior to the election (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-608](#)).

## When do judges file for retention?

Judges are up for retention during the first general election that occurs more than 3 years after their appointment and every 6 years thereafter (Neb. Constitution [V-21](#)). Judicial officeholders up for retention in 2024 must file by August 1 (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§24-814](#)).

## Filling out the Filing Form

You can find candidate filing forms for statewide offices beginning in mid-November 2023 on the Secretary of State’s website at [sos.nebraska.gov](https://sos.nebraska.gov) or by stopping by the Elections Division at 301 S. 13th St., Ste. 410 in Lincoln.

To successfully complete a candidate filing form, you must fill out all required sections, including checking the box stating you do not owe civil penalties.

Write any information in the optional section that you would like to have included on the public candidate filing list.

Sign the form in front of an election official (such as an election commissioner or county clerk) or a notary public. Double-check your filing form and make sure there are no clerical errors that might delay the effective date of your filing.

**Send the original, notarized form along with any required filing fee to:**

**Secretary of State, Elections Division  
P.O. Box 94608  
Lincoln, NE 68509**

### Can I have my name printed on the ballot with a prefix (Mr., Dr., etc.) or nickname?

Attorney General Opinion [10001](#) (January 5, 2010) describes permissible names for use on the ballot. Prefixes such as “Mr.,” “Dr.,” and “Prof.” are titles and therefore cannot appear on the ballot.

Additionally, nicknames cannot be used as an additional identifier; a name cannot appear on the ballot as “John ‘Jack’ Smith,” but either “John Smith” or “Jack Smith” are allowed.

### What is a pronunciation or spoken spelling?

If you were to explain in words how to say your name, how would you do that? We have machines at the polling places that read the ballot out loud for persons with limited vision and we want to ensure your name is pronounced correctly.

*For Example:*

*Sue Jahn = Sue Hahn (rhymes with fawn)*

*William Mishaud = mee-SHO (‘d’ is silent)*

*Tanya Monte =TAWN –yuh (not TAN) mahn-TEA*

## Do I need to get my candidate filing form notarized?

Yes, you must sign your candidate filing form in front of an election official or a notary public (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§23-1307](#)). The Elections Division can notarize your signature if you file in-person.

## Can I email or fax my candidate filing form?

You cannot email your candidate filing form; however, you can fax your candidate filing form and a copy of your cash, money order, or check (if applicable) to our fax machine at (402) 471-7834. The fax must be received in our office on or before the deadline.

You are also required to mail your original filing form and filing fee (if any) — it must be postmarked on or before the deadline **and** received in the Secretary of State's office no later than seven days after the filing deadline (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-606](#)).

## How will I know that my candidate filing was accepted?

When your candidate filing is accepted, our office will send you a confirmation letter with a copy of your filing. You can also check the list of candidates who have filed on our website.

## What happens if my filing is rejected?

**A candidate filing form can be rejected for several reasons. Some rejection reasons include:**

- The registered voter's name listed on your filing form does not match the name listed on your voter registration.
- The address listed on your filing form does not match the address listed on your voter registration.
- The address listed on your filing form is not within the district for which you are filing.
- The checkbox was not checked to indicate that you do not owe civil penalties pursuant to the Nebraska Political Accountability and Disclosure Act.
- The candidate filing form was incorrectly notarized.
- The candidate filing form was not signed by the candidate in front of a notary public or election official.
- The candidate filing form was received after the filing deadline.
- The applicable filing fee was not included with the candidate filing form.

Our office will attempt to call and will send a letter detailing why your filing was rejected along with the original filing form and any filing fees that were submitted. Unless otherwise indicated, you can file a new candidate filing form with our office. Filing deadlines still apply.

## Petitioning onto the Ballot

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### Petitioning for partisan offices

Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-616](#) states that any person may petition onto the ballot who was not registered to vote with a party affiliation on or after March 1 and before the general election in the calendar year of the general election may file petitions for a partisan office. You cannot have been registered with a recognized political party between the start of the filing period and the end of the filing period. If there is a vacancy (created by someone ceasing to be a candidate), the vacancy shall only be filled by the political party (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-627](#)). A vacancy is not created when no one filed for a partisan office in the primary.

### Petitioning for nonpartisan offices

A person may only petition onto the general election ballot if the vacancy requirements described in Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-625](#) are met. If a nominated candidate declines their nomination, you may petition onto the ballot for the general election even if you lost the nomination in the primary. If there were no candidate filings for the office, you may petition onto the ballot.

### When is there a vacancy on the ballot?

#### A vacancy on the general election ballot exists when:

- The candidates who have filed number less than twice the number of vacancies AND a candidate who filed for the primary ceases to be a candidate or declines the nomination
- No one filed for the position (nonpartisan races only)
- One of the candidates who received a nomination from the primary for a nonpartisan office is ineligible, disqualified, deceased, or for any other reason unable to assume the office for which he or she was a candidate

#### A vacancy does NOT exist on the ballot when:

- No person was nominated for the office on any particular political party's partisan ballot (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-627](#))

### Where do I get candidate petitions?

If you are interested in petitioning onto the ballot, you can contact our office to receive the correct petition forms. Our office requests samples of your candidate petition prior to circulation so we are aware that your petition is circulating.

## What are the rules regarding petition circulation?

There are rules for the individuals who circulate the petition forms as well as those who sign the forms. **Rules for circulators of petition forms are as follows:**

- 1. Circulators must be at least eighteen years of age.**
- 2. Circulators must witness each signature added to the petition they are circulating.** A circulator may not leave the petition at a location and return later to collect a completed form, as circulators are required to read the object statement on the petition to each signer; they also will have to sign an oath attesting to the fact that they did this.
- 3. Circulators may not offer or give anything of value to a potential signer to get them to sign the petition;** it is a Class IV felony to do so and may be punished by up to two years imprisonment and twelve months post-release supervision, a fine of up to ten thousand dollars, or both.
- 4. Circulators may be paid or may be volunteers.** If the circulator is paid to circulate the petition, they must use a petition form that discloses to the signer that they are being paid. If the circulator is a volunteer, the form must contain the volunteer disclosure.
- 5. When the circulator is finished collecting signatures on the petition form, they must sign the oath on the form in the presence of a notary public.** The circulator should read the oath carefully, as there are criminal penalties for falsely swearing to the oath.

Once a petition form is completed, the circulator should return the petition form to the sponsor(s) of the petition.

**Rules for signers of petition forms are as follows:**

- 1. The signer must be a registered voter at the time they sign the petition.** By signing the petition, the signer is stating that they are a registered voter.
- 2. A signer may not sign any name other than their own to a petition.**
- 3. A signer may not sign a petition more than once.**
- 4. The signer may not accept anything of value for signing the petition.**

If a signer makes a mistake as they sign the petition, it is permissible to cross out the incorrect signature line without affecting the other signatures on the petition.

## How many signatures do I need to collect? (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-618](#)):

Elected Office	Number of Signatures Required
US Senate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4,000 signatures</li> <li>• 750 signatures must be collected from registered voters in each of the three congressional districts</li> </ul>
US House of Representatives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 20% of registered voters in the applicable district who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>
Public Service Commissioner	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 20% of registered voters in the applicable district who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>
Legislature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10% of registered voters of the applicable political subdivision who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>
State Board of Education	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10% of registered voters of the applicable political subdivision who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>
Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10% of registered voters of the regent district who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 1,000</li> </ul>
Community Colleges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10% of registered voters of the applicable political subdivision who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>
Learning Community Coordinating Council	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10% of registered voters of the applicable political subdivision who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>
Natural Resources Districts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10% of registered voters of the applicable political subdivision who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>
Metropolitan Utilities District of Omaha	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10% of registered voters of the applicable political subdivision who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>
Public Power Districts > \$40 million ( <i>Dawson, Loup River, Nebraska, Norris, Omaha, &amp; Southern</i> )	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10% of registered voters of the applicable political subdivision who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>
Public Power Districts < \$40 million	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10% of registered voters of the applicable political subdivision who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>
Reclamation Districts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10% of registered voters of the applicable political subdivision who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>
Educational Service Unit Board Members	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10% of registered voters of the applicable political subdivision who voted for Governor in 2022</li> <li>• Not to exceed 2,000</li> </ul>



## Where can I circulate my petition?

There are few specific restrictions as to where a circulator may gather signatures. There may be time and place restrictions on public property so as not to disrupt activities at those locations. Circulation on private property is at the discretion of the property owner.

Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-1524](#) restricts petitions from being circulated within 200 feet of a polling place or building that is set up for voters to cast ballots. This includes county election officials' offices during early voting.

## When is the deadline to file a completed petition?

The deadline to file a petition to place your name on the ballot is September 3, 2024. All petition pages to be submitted for verification must be submitted at the same time. Along with the petition, you must pay the appropriate filing fee for the office you are seeking to run for.

## What happens after filing the petition?

After you file a petition, our office will complete the signature verification process. If you submit a successful petition, our office will notify you within three days after the signatures are verified that you have received the nomination. You must file an acceptance of nomination with our office within five days of being notified. Once the acceptance is filed, your name will appear on the ballot (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-617](#)).

## How will my name appear on the ballot?

Your name will be placed on the ballot as listed on your petition and the words "BY PETITION" will be printed after your name (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-617](#)).

## Write-In Candidates

*A write-in candidate is a candidate who did not file as a candidate to be placed on the ballot but can be nominated or elected.*

### If I file as a write-in, will my name be placed on the ballot?

Your name will not be placed on the ballot. Every office up for election is required to have a write-in line below the filed candidates on the ballot for that race. Individuals choosing to vote for you will need to write your name on the write-in line and shade in the corresponding oval (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-816](#)).

### Will a write-in vote still count if my name is spelled wrong?

Write-in candidate names that are misspelled are still counted as long as it is a reasonably close spelling of the last name (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-1005](#)).

### How are write-in votes counted?

Write-in votes are not counted individually if the total number of write-ins is less than five percent of the vote for such office in the county **and** the county election official believes that such vote will not impact the outcome of the election. In that case, all write-in votes for that office may be counted and listed together as one total (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-1008](#)).

### How do I win the nomination as a write-in?

A write-in candidate wins the nomination during the primary election if they:

- Receive at least 5% of the total votes cast for Governor in the 2022 general election in the political subdivisions from which nominees for such position are to be chosen AND
- Are one of the candidates receiving the number of votes qualifying them for the nomination (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-814](#)).

### Where do I file a write-in affidavit?

You can file a write-in affidavit for any public office. You can find the write-in affidavit on the Secretary of State's website at [sos.nebraska.gov](https://sos.nebraska.gov) or at the Elections Division at 301 S. 13th St., Ste. 410 in Lincoln. You must file a write-in affidavit by the following dates:

**Primary write-in candidate deadline:** May 3, 2024

**General write-in candidate deadline:** October 25, 2024

You must include the appropriate filing fee with the write-in affidavit. Write-in affidavits for statewide offices must be filed with the Secretary of State.

## **Can I ask voters to use a sticker with my name on the write-in line?**

Our office strongly advises against this, as stickers would jam tabulating equipment and could fall off or be tampered with.

## Withdrawing as a Candidate

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### Can I withdraw before a primary or general election?

A candidate who wishes to withdraw before an election must do so by the following dates:

**Candidates who file for the primary election:** March 1, 2024

**Candidates who file for the general election:** August 1, 2024

To withdraw, you must fill out a Candidate Withdrawal form and submit it to the Secretary of State's office. This form is available on our website on the "Candidate Filing Resources" page.

### What happens if I miss the withdrawal deadline?

Candidates who miss the withdrawal deadline will appear on the ballot.

If you win the primary nomination, you may choose to fill out a declination of nomination after results have been canvassed. The deadline to file the declination of nomination is September 3 (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-623](#)).

If you miss the declination of nomination deadline, your name will appear on the general election ballot.

## Campaign Finance & Campaigning

### Nebraska Accountability and Disclosure Commission (NADC)

Centre Terrace Bldg.  
1225 L St., #400  
P.O. Box 95086  
Lincoln, NE 68509  
**Phone:** (402) 471-2522

### Do I need to file a Statement of Financial Interests (Form C-1) with the NADC?

Elected Office	Form C-1 Required
US Senate	X
US House of Representatives	X
Public Service Commissioner	✓
Legislature	✓
State Board of Education	✓
Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska	✓
Public Power Districts > \$40 million (Dawson, Loup River, Nebraska, Norris, Omaha, & Southern)	✓
Public Power Districts < \$40 million	✓
Community Colleges	X
Learning Community Coordinating Council	X
Natural Resources Districts	X
Metropolitan Utilities District of Omaha	X
Reclamation Districts	X
Educational Service Unit Board Members	X

Candidates required to submit a Form C-1 must file a statement covering the preceding calendar year, regardless of if you ran for or held public office that previous year. Applicable statutes include [§49-1493](#) through [§49-1494](#).

*Candidates for US Senate and US House of Representatives do not need to file a Form C-1. Candidates for these offices should contact the Federal Election Commission (FEC) for campaign-related questions: [fec.gov](https://www.fec.gov)*

## Where can I find the Form C-1?

You can find the Form C-1 on the NADC's website at [nadc.nebraska.gov](https://nadc.nebraska.gov). You may also file a Form C-1 online at [nadc-e.nebraska.gov](https://nadc-e.nebraska.gov).

## Can I email or fax my Form C-1?

The NADC accepts Form C-1s by hard copy, fax, and email. It must be received by the NADC on or before the following dates:

- March 1, 2024 for **all** primary election candidates
- July 15, 2024 for general election incumbents
- August 1, 2024 for general election nonincumbents

## What happens if I miss the deadline to file a Form C-1?

There is a five-day grace period before a candidate is removed from the ballot. The NADC will accept Form C-1s up until March 6, 2024. If your Form C-1 is not filed by that date, your name will not appear on the primary election ballot (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§49-1494](#)).

## Do I have a conflict of interest?

Questions regarding conflicts of interest should be directed to the NADC.

## Is it too early to campaign or put out yard signs?

There is nothing in the Election Act that states when people can start campaigning. Double-check your local ordinances for any restrictions.

Contact the NADC if you have any questions.

## Where can I put campaign materials?

Subject to any local ordinance, a person may display yard signs on private property within 200 feet of a polling place or building designated for voters to cast ballots if the property is not under common ownership with the property on which the polling place or building is located (Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-1524](#)).

## Can I use the state seal in my campaign?

No — the use of the state seal is prohibited for political or campaign purposes and is limited to state government and educational use. Anyone wishing to utilize the Great Seal must request written permission from the Secretary of State. Each request is evaluated to determine if it meets the guidelines.

Using the state seal is like having a stamp of state endorsement, which is a wholly inaccurate message if being conveyed by political campaigns or product marketing. As a recognized icon and honored symbol of the state, the Great Seal should be treated with integrity and respect.

## What is electioneering?

Electioneering is defined in Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-1524](#), which states:

(1) For purposes of this section:

- (a) Electioneering means the deliberate, visible display or audible or physical dissemination of information for the purpose of advocating for or against:
  - (i) Any candidate on the ballot for the election at which such display or dissemination is occurring;
  - (ii) Any elected officeholder of a state constitutional office or federal office at the time of the election at which such display or dissemination is occurring;
  - (iii) Any political party on the ballot for the election at which such display or dissemination is occurring; or
  - (iv) Any measure on the ballot for the election at which such display or dissemination is occurring; and
- (b) Information includes:
  - (i) Such a candidate's name, likeness, logo, or symbol;
  - (ii) Such a ballot measure's number, title, subject matter, logo, or symbol;
  - (iii) A button, hat, pencil, pen, shirt, sign, or sticker containing information prohibited by this section;
  - (iv) Audible information prohibited by this section; and
  - (v) Literature or any writing or drawing referring to a candidate, officeholder, or ballot measure described in subdivision (a) of this subsection.

## Can I campaign at the polls?

No — electioneering is prohibited within two hundred feet of a polling place or any secure ballot drop-box. This includes county election officials' offices during early voting.

## Where can I get a list of people who were sent an early voting ballot?

Campaigns can request a list of those who have voted early in statewide elections by contacting the Secretary of State's office at [sos.elect@nebraska.gov](mailto:sos.elect@nebraska.gov). The early voting list is public record pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. [§84-712.01](#) and does not include any information that is considered confidential under Neb. Rev. Stat. [§84-712.05](#).

## Where can I get a list of registered voters?

Campaigns may request a Nebraska Voter Registration file from our office after completing a Public Service Request Form. The form can be found on our website at [sos.nebraska.gov/elections/voter-file-requests](https://sos.nebraska.gov/elections/voter-file-requests). The cost of the file is \$500 and can be purchased with cash, money order, or check made payable to the Secretary of State.

The file contains no more than the registrant's name, residential and mailing address, phone number, registration status, voter ID number, year of birth, date of registration, precinct, polling place, party affiliation, district details, and voter history. The file shall be used solely for the purposes related to elections, political activities, voter registration, law enforcement, or jury selection. The file shall **not** be posted, displayed, or used for commercial purposes or made accessible on the internet.

Campaigns may also contact the county election official for a voter file if they do not need the whole Nebraska file. County election officials can charge up to \$0.03 per name according to Neb. Rev. Stat. [§32-330](#).